Building Good Credit & Improving Your Credit Score



Anthem EAP

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US Debt	U.	tal owed by average S. household carrying s type of debt	Total debt owed by U.S. consumers
Statistics	Credit cards	\$15,355	\$712 billion
	Mortgages	\$165,892	\$8.12 trillion
	Auto loans	\$26,530	\$1.03 trillion
	Student loans	\$47,712	\$1.21 trillion
	Any type of debt	\$129,579	\$11.91 trillion

Today we'll discuss....

- What is credit and why we need it?
- Cost of credit
- o Your credit report
- What is FICO 9? Your credit score
- Improving your credit score
- What to do if you're in over your head
- o Things to remember
- Resources

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Cost of Credit

- Money lending or credit is an ancient means of commerce both commercially and for individuals.
- Using credit is legal. The problems with credit comes when it is time to pay it back. That is when we realize how much it actually costs.
- Installment Loans are generally less expensive Mortgages

 - Auto Loans
- Compounding Interest Loans are much more expensive
- Credit Card
- Student Loans

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Cost of Credit continued...

•Interest is the charge the lender adds to the amount of the loan. It is always stated as percentage of

•In today's marketplace fixed interest loans generally range between 3% and 7% depending on the length and the type.

•Compounding interest loans generally range from about 6% to 28%.

•How much interest charged depends on the type of loan...

•Whether there is collateral for the loan and..

·Your personal credit score

Credit Reports	
•There are three credit reporting agencies that are most important to us:	
。 TransUnion	
。 Equifax	
Experian	
 Credit reports are written accounts of your past use of credit for the last 7 years. 	
•If you have filed bankruptcy the reports track your use of credit for the last 10 years	
 You may receive 1 report from each of the three companies during a 12-month period 	
·annualcreditreport.com is the site that you use to view download and print each report	

Credit Reports Continued...

·Check each report for errors

•Errors occur for many reasons, but recent surveys have revealed that errors can negatively affect

your score more often than they will positively affect your score

•To dispute an account on report

•Download the dispute letter from annualcreditreport.com

•Fill in the blanks

•Send it to the company that is reporting the errors

•Each error needs a reply from the company within 45 days that they are investigating the complaint

•Final decision occurs usually between 90 and 120 days

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What is FICO 9?

•Developed custom software back in the 1980's

•Prior to Fair Isaac credit was given out randomly, selectively and there was often discrimination

•Developed a statistical equation to make it as fair and non-discriminatorily as possible

•FICO scores are used by 90% of lenders

•Your credit score will be between 300 and 850

•The higher the better

Credit Scores

This is a numerical representation based on the 3 credit reports. This can:

- . Determine your credit worthiness
- Your cost
- Your access to credit
- Impact your ability to rent housing, get insurance, or be hired for a job



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Factors that can impact your score

•FICO 9 uses more factors than previous FICO scores

•The minimum scoring criteria 1 credit account open for 6 months and 1 credit account used in the last 6 months

•Inquiries are now tracked for a twelve-month period

- •Credit Card information counts more than an installment loan
- •Using 30% of available credit is good
- •Using 20% will be considered better
- •Using 6% or less will qualify you for a super FICO 9 score
- •How long has each accounts been opened 0-23 months has a higher risk than accounts open 24 60 months.

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Factors that can impact your score continued...

•If you only have collections on your report, you will have no score on your report, you will have no score on lip aid Third-Party collection agency accounts are excluded from FICO 9 •Inquiries for consumer, mortgage and auto installment loans made within 30 days has no effect.

•Your score will be lowered if there is no activity for a 6-month period
•If you are using more than 30% of available credit this will factor into lowering your score



Factors that can impact your score continued...

- Pursuit of new credit including the number of new accounts can cause your score to be lowered
- A recent delinquency 0-11 months affects your score more than an older one 12-24
- · If you are a new borrower more inquiries lower your score
- Young files will be affected by inquiries more than mature or older files
- In inquiry from a landlord is now considered a hard inquiry
- There are multiple FICO scores you need to ask the lender which they use

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What does a low score mean?

- •It means that when you borrow money you will pay more than if you have a higher score
- •It means that you will have less of the money you make available for your needs
- •It means that you may not be considered for certain jobs
- •It means that you may pay more for the rental of a house
- •That you may pay more for Life, Auto and Health
- insurance
- •That additional credit may not be offered to you



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How to raise your score...

- •Use the least amount of credit available to you
- •Pay the minimum due on each credit card account on time
- •Pay student loans on time
- •Pay installment loans on time
- •If looking for an auto, personal , or mortgage make all inquiries within 30 days
- •Use some credit every six months and pay it off in full

•If you have debt collectors calling you, make arrangements to pay the account off in full if possible



In over your head?

- •If you are in over your head do something sooner than later
- •Consider a budget coach
- •Pay off new debts while still working to pay off older debt
- •Seek professional help of a Credit Counselor
- •Non-Profit
- •For Profit
- •Use a Credit Counselor that is physically located in the same state as you.
- •Establish a formal Debt Management Plan
- •Only agree to a payment plan that you can afford

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Things to remember...

- Credit will cost you money
- A "sale" does not save you any money if you use a credit
- card and fail pay it off when the statement comes
- "Installment Loans" are easier to fit into a budget than
- Using the least amount of credit is the best
- Do your homework before you use credit to find out how much it will cost you
- Always try to at least pay the minimum on all loans on time
- Work toward a cash-based home budget. That way when you use credit you are in charge not FICO 9

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